

Truesdale Water Supply 2024 Water Quality Report

This report contains important information regarding the water quality in our water system. The source of our water is groundwater. All of the water is purchased. Purchased water comes from Storm Lake Water Treatment Plant.

Our water quality testing shows the following results:

CONTAMINANT	MCL - (MCLG)		Compliance		Date	Violation Yes/No	Source
			Type	Value & (Range)			
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM							
Copper (ppm)	AL=1.3	(1.3)	90th	0.0324 (0.0076-0.438)	2024	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (ppb)	AL=15	(0)	90th	0.0243 (ND - 0.0475) 1 sample exceeded AL	2024	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb) [TTHM]	80	(N/A)	SGL	2 (2.00 - 2.00)	7/11/2023	No	By-products of drinking water chlorination
Total Haloacetic Acids (ppb) [HAA5]	60	(N/A)	SGL	5 (5.00 - 5.00)	7/11/23	No	By-products of drinking water disinfection
Nitrite [as N] (ppm)	1	(1)	LRAA	0.12 (<0.1 - 0.178)	2024	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Chlorine (ppm)	MRDL=4.0 (MRDLG=4.0)		RAA	3.2 (2.8 - 3.7)	12/31/2024	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Total Coliform Bacteria	TT	(TT)	RTCR	1 sample(s) positive	8/31/2023	No	Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other waterborne pathogens may be present, or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water.

Contaminates with dates indicate results from the most recent testing done in accordance with regulations.

Definitions for the abbreviations are noted on Page 2

Original Supply ID _____ Original Supply Name _____
IA1178097 Storm Lake Water Treatment Plant

This water supply obtains some or all of its water from another public water supply. It is a consecutive water supply, where an originating parent supply provides drinking water to one or more downstream supplies.

Our water system purchases water from the system shown below.

Their water quality testing shows the following results:

Storm Lake Water Treatment Plant

01 - 7, 8, 11, 18, OR 19 & 14, 15, 20 OR 4/LAB SINK

CONTAMINANT	MCL - (MCLG)		Compliance		Date	Violation Yes/No	Source
			Type	Value & (Range)			
Sodium (ppm)	N/A	(N/A)	SGL	51.7	2/2/2022	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Added to water during treatment process
Barium (ppm)	2	(2)	SGL	0.0051	2/2/2022	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [as N] (ppm)	1	(1)	SGL	0.19 (ND - 0.19)	2024	No	Runoff from fertilize use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	(4)	RAA	1.23 (0.60-1.23)	2/2/2022	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

The City of Storm Lake Manganese test in Jan 2024 was 1.75 ppb. The health advisory for infants is 300 ppb.

The City of Storm Lake participates in a study with the EPA regulated to the unregulated contaminant monitoring rule (UCMR). They are required to report any detects form our samples.

Location	Contaminant	Value
01- 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19 & 14, 15, 20 & 4/ Lab Sink	Lithium	110-130 ppb

Please contact Kelly Graplar with any questions at

Iowa Lakes Regional Water
1301 38th Avenue West, Spencer, IA 51301
Phone: 712-262-8847
E-mail: kelly.graplar@ilrw.org

Truesdale Water Supply is pleased to present to our customers quality water that meets and exceeds all federal and state requirements.

2024 Water Quality Report

Truesdale Water Supply is pleased to present the Water Quality Report, designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver.

GENERAL INFORMATION - Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water posed a health risk. More information about contaminants or potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Truesdale Water Supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Our water supply has completed a service line inventory. Please contact us for information regarding the inventory and how you can access the results.

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION

Infants and young children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. If you are concerned about elevated lead levels in your home's water, you may wish to have your water tested and flush your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using tap water. Additional information is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791.

For questions regarding this information or how you can get involved in decisions regarding the water system, please contact the Truesdale Water Supply.

DEFINITIONS

MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level)-The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

MCLG (Maximum Contaminant Level Goal)-The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

ppb-parts per billion

ppm-parts per million

pCi/L-picocuries per liter

N/A-Not applicable

ND-Not detected

RAA-Running Annual Average

ug/L-Micrograms per liter

TT (Treatment Technique)-A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL (Action Level)-The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.

MRDLG (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal)-The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level)-The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

SGL-Single Sample Result

RTCR-Revised Total Coliform Rule

NTU- Nephelometric Turbidity Units